

"Children must be taught how to think, not what to think." — Margaret Mead

NEWSLETTER | DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

CLASS: I

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Dear Parents,

"Let bygones be bygones, let's greet the New-year with the new outlook of compassion, benevolence and altruism to make this world a better place to live in with peace and harmony."

With the advent of another new Year, let's step into its threshold with abundance of optimisms, aspirations and dreams by bidding adieu to the bygone year. Well, it's an ideal time to introspect ourselves and move ahead gallantly to face the challenges with invincible spirit and tenacity. **New Year** is widely celebrated all across the globe on January 1st with pomp and splendor.

Let's imbibe the values of respect for elders, teachers and parents among our children as they are getting diminished day by day owing to their colossal exposure of scientific technology. The New Year is gradually approaching, and with the holiday season already round the corner would enable us to retrospect some of our lives' choices.

Inculcate refined **communicative skills** by giving ample exposure to great speeches by great leaders.

Spare some quality time in **meditation** to acquire tranquility and serenity.

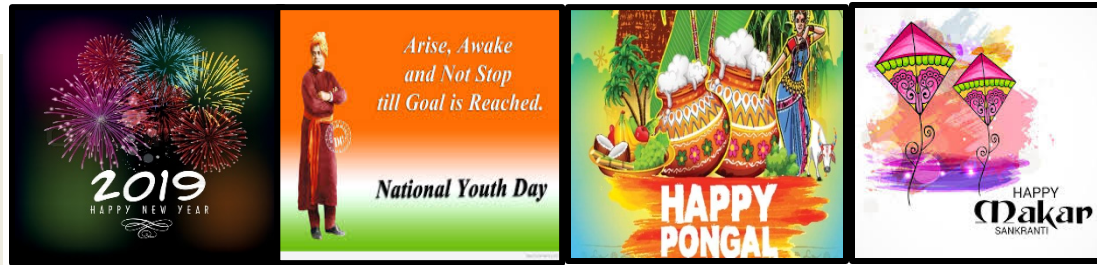
Stop procrastinating & become more organized: It doesn't matter how much time you have on your hands if you can't manage it properly.

Read more: Books are an excellent way to gain a lot of knowledge on a huge variety of topics, and are also a great exercise for your brain.

Improve your concentration and mental skills: People have been trying to find ways to improve their focus and cognitive capacities for thousands of years.

Be more polite: Good manners have always been an appealing trait. Wishing you all a very blessed, cheerful and successful New Year ahead!!!

Warm Regards,
Principal



GLOBALLY IMPORTANT DAYS OF THE MONTH

New Year (1) New Year is the time at which a new calendar year begins and the calendar's year count increments by one.

National Youth Day (12) the Government of India declared and decided to observe the birthday of Swami Vivekanand as a National Youth Day, because it was felt that the philosophy of Swamiji and the ideals for which he lived and worked could be a great source of inspiration for the Indian Youth.

Makar Sankranti(14) marks the first day of sun's transit, marking the end of the month with Winter solstice and the start of longer days Makar Sankranti.

CAMPUS CLANDESTINE

All work and no play make Jack a dull boy – true to the words, the month was totally fun filled with outdoor activities that kept them on their toes as part of the Major Co-Curricular Activity "Get Set Go". They also understood the importance of spending time outdoors, in the sunshine, to keep them hale and healthy. The Map Activity helped the children to know about the important cities in their respective states. The Handwash Activity reiterated the importance of clean hands to maintain good health and hygiene. The Language Activity – My Favourite Sports Person enriched their knowledge regarding their favourite sports. The project activities did not fail to instill the fact that "taking part in games/sports is more important than winning." The cherry on the pudding was the Christmas Day celebrations with the children coming dressed up in red and white. They enjoyed the Christmas Day Activities and relished their special lunch. As the month came to an end, the air was filled with Christmas spirit packed with holiday cheer!! The children bid adieu to 2018, to welcome the New Year with a fresh start. Happy New Year 2019!



people living in it.

Republic Day (26) The constitution of India came into force by replacing the Government of India Act (1935).



Martyrs' Day (30) The date was chosen as it marks the assassination of Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi in 1948. A two-minute silence in memory of Indian martyrs is observed throughout the country at 11 AM.



SYLLABUS

ENGLISH

Jicketty – Can, Article – The, Grammar – Verbs, Paragraph Writing & Story writing Pg no 45 (Page no. 36 and 38 will be deleted)

MATHS

- Operations of numbers up to 90
- ❖ Revisit Carrying and Borrowing
- ❖ Revisit Tables (2,3,4,5 and 10)
- ❖ Story Sums
- ❖ Reading of Number Names

HINDI

साहित्य–

- ☞ चकई के चकदुम
- ☞ चूहों! म्याऊँ सो रही है(स्वरित वाचन)

व्याकरण–

- ☞ क्रिया का प्रारंभिक ज्ञान
- ☞ रचनात्मक लेखन
- ☞ अपठित गद्यांश(बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्न)। लिखित



SWEET POTATO CASSEROLE



Ingredients:

- 2 pounds sweet potato, peeled and cubed*
- 2 tablespoons orange juice*
- 3/4 cup brown sugar*
- 1/8 teaspoon ground nutmeg*
- 2 tablespoons butter, cubed*
- 1 cup miniature marshmallows or sweet Vanilla*

METHOD

1. Preheat oven to 350 degrees F (175 degrees C).
2. In a large saucepan cook sweet potatoes in salted water over medium-high heat for about 20 minutes, or until done. Drain, and add orange juice, brown sugar, nutmeg and butter. Whip until smooth. Spread into a medium size casserole dish and top with marshmallows.
3. Bake in preheated oven for about 10 minutes, or until marshmallows are golden brown.

TONGUE TWISTERS

Penny's pretty pink piggy bank



THEME OF THE MONTH – MARKET

Market is a place for selling and buying things. The most common conception of a *market* is as a physical place where we go to buy food or other products. There are various shops in a market. People who run the shops are called shopkeepers. We can get the things of our daily need from the market. Through the theme, the children would be made aware of the importance of market and would imbibe the value of how it forms an integral part of our life. Children also would enhance their vocabulary with words related to the theme like wholesalers, retailers, buyers, sellers, etc. Field trip to Market (Pune and Coimbatore) would provide them the opportunity of witnessing the daily proceedings in a market place.

PROJECT OF THE MONTH - CURRENCY



Money, in and of itself, is nothing; it can be a shell, a metal coin, or a piece of paper with a historic image on it. Money, in some form, has been part of human history for at least the last 3,000 years. Before that time, it is assumed that a system of bartering was likely used. A barter system is an old method of exchange. People exchanged services and goods for other services and goods in return. Paper currencies came in much later and it refers to any kind of money that is used to purchase goods and services. As children are already aware of the fact that money is needed to buy different things, they would be further enhanced regarding the concept of saving money, depositing in banks where money is kept safely and how banks provide loans, etc. They also would get to know the names of different currencies that are used in different countries. The project activities would further help the children learn about the value of money.

PARENT PLUS

1. Get your child into the habit of maintaining a piggy bank. Encourage them to use piggy bank to save their little allowances. Use a clear jar to save, as they can see the money growing as they keep adding to it.
2. When out on shopping, give your child the opportunity to make choices - "If you buy this toy, then you won't have the money to buy that pair of shoes." This would help them to make decisions.

AMAZING FACTS

1. *The first banknote printed in independent India was a one rupee note.*
2. *At one time, 5 rupee coins were smuggled to Bangladesh for making razors.*
3. *If you have a torn note, or more than 51% of its torn part, you can exchange it for a new one at a bank.*
4. *Apart from Hindi and English which appear on the front side of a note, 15 other languages appear on the reverse side.*